Canadian Guideline for Safe Wandering

Person Living with Dementia Version

RISK OF GETTING LOS		A		A
	Low Risk Initial signs present or you have a diagnosis of dementia You live with family and have them around 24/7 You go outside without having someone go	Medium Risk You live with family but are normally home alone or go out with friends/family away from the home You exercise when you are stressed You get overwhelmed	High Risk You live at home alone You leave your home or go for walks alone You walk away from your friends/family when you are out in the community with them	Unplanned Absence You are lost within the community
STRATEGIES	with you Talk to your local	or anxious frequently Exercise with a partner or	Look into you and your	Call 911 or go to a local
	strategies (e.g., ID tags or bracelets)* Register yourself under a	use a locating technology Create list of where you used to live/work and keep list at home Have someone look out for you more (i.e., locating devices or have a friend check in with you daily if	care partner using a locating technology Start a buddy system Seek community supports (i.e. home care)	business to ask for help Use google or apple maps to redirect yourself and keep your home address saved on your phone or on a card that can be kept in your wallet or jacket Have a friend or family
	vulnerable persons registry if available in your area*	you live alone)		: member you can call : :

NOTE: Strategies with a star (*) next to it could be applied to any risk level

LIST OF AVAILABLE STRATEGIES

Low Risk

- Education and awareness
 - o Finding Your Way Program (http://findingyourwayontario.ca)
 - o Alzheimer Society (http://alzheimer.ca/en/ab)
- · Register yourself with the Vulnerable Person Registry (ask local police or Alzheimer Society to determine if your community has one in place) or with an identification program
 - o MedicAlert (https://www.medicalert.ca)

Medium Risk

- Exercise with a partner or wear a locating device. These devices can be purchased (https://tech.findingyourwayontario.ca) or you can use the ones already on your phone (e.g. Find My Friend App or Google maps)
- · Create a list to keep with a close friend or your care partner of where you used to live and work so in the event you get lost this information can be used to help find you
- · Have someone keep tabs as to where you are (i.e., locating devices or a buddy system)

High Risk

- Consider locating technologies:
 - o Commercial GPS (https://tech.findingyourwayontario.ca)
 - o GPS devices available on your phone (e.g. Find My Friend App or Google maps)
- · Seek community supports (i.e., home care, social workers, etc.)
- · Register yourself with the Vulnerable Person Registry (ask local police or Alzheimer Society to determine if your community has one in place) or with an identification program
 - o MedicAlert (https://www.medicalert.ca)

Unplanned Absence

- · Use google or apple maps on your phone to help you find your way back home and keep your home address saved on your phone or on a card that you can keep in your wallet or jacket
- · Have a friend or family member you can call in case you are lost
- · Go to a local business to ask for assistance
- · Identification strategies (i.e., wear an identification bracelet, or put your care partner's phone number in your jacket or wallet)